

Jewellers 47 Government Street.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Coal Office

Best Wellington Household, Nut, and Co-
 stant Steam and Blacksmith Coal constant.

Government Street.

55 Pandora St., Victoria, B. C.
Circular, Pamphlet, and General Advertising
Distributor for Above and Surrounding
Countries. I refer by permission to the
Canada and United States Advertisers'
Agency, London, Canada.

and Ice Works.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS—Changes for standing advertisements must be handed in at the office before 11 A.M. of the day the 'Change' is desired to appear.

—Boys' riveted overalls 50c. a pair
Gilmore & McCandless.

chamberlains. The bride was supported on one side by her father, the Prince of Wales, and on the other by her brother, the Duke of York. The bridesmaids followed, while gentlemen of the house

The bombs contain liquefied carbonic acid gas, which, when liberated by the explosive, will instantly vaporize and severally chill the surrounding atmosphere.

ment to assemble the cortes again in October or November for their convention. Senor Canovas is not disposed to give way. It is said he threatens to resign if the estimates are not passed.

OTTAWA LETTER

Ottawa, July 14.—To compare the Laurier cabinet with the Tupper one would be "odorous" as Mrs. Partington would have said. Laurier and his colleagues are not to be spoken of in the same breath with Tupper. Montague, Carson and Doherty. The premier in selecting his cabinet has marshalled around him men who already are conspicuous in public life, men who have distinguished themselves as statesmen, who have won their spurs in the political field and who have proved tried and faithful servants of the interests of the people in the different spheres to which they have been called. The triumph from the beginning to the end of the great contest which closed when the ballots of the populace were counted on the 23rd of June last was Laurier's, and so much of this is recognized by everybody that when the Liberal chief proceeded to form his government each man in the party was ready to go to do as he was desired.

For instance, we find men like Mr. Patterson, of Brant, willing for the time being to take a commandship and Sir Henri Joly acting in the same position. For Mr. Laurier Sir Oliver Mowat threw up the premiership of Ontario, which he has held for nearly a quarter of a century, and came to Ottawa to do, under the great Liberal leader. There are no less than five provincial premiers in the present administration and if Premier Greenway will come to Ottawa he will make six. So that it will be seen at once that Mr. Laurier has been able to secure for his colleagues the best public men that this Dominion has got. Commencing at Prince Edward Island, there is the Hon. L. H. Davies, who has succeeded already in the provincial domain by overthrowing a government and becoming premier of the tight little island which guards the entrance to the great St. Lawrence. He was the author of many good measures while in office, one being a natural school act, since he has entered the Dominion parliament, which is as far back as 1882, he has been the Liberal leader of the Maritime Provinces, and as such accomplished good work in overthrowing the late government. Coming to Nova Scotia, and Premier Fielding succeeded in defeating the Thompson government, which was a very short-lived administration. This was in 1882. It was not until 1884 that Fielding became premier, but ever since he has given good government to that province. Mr. Fielding is an able leader and one of the best and most successful politicians in the Dominion of Canada. He had the best of all educations for a politician, namely journalism. In New Brunswick the name of Blair was sufficient to carry the province in the latest kind of political fights, no matter whether the man the premier named was a Grit or Tory. It was the boast of Blair that he kept Dominion politics out of the provincial arena, and his cabinet was composed of about an equal number of Liberals and Conservatives. But in Dominion politics Mr. Blair himself was always Liberal. Dr. Borden, who for twenty years has sat for Kings, N. S., and who is the new minister of militia, is a stalwart of whom all Liberals are proud, a man of great business ability, a power in his province, and will prove an able colleague to Mr. Fielding in the representation in the cabinet of Nova Scotia.

Of all the provinces Quebec was the one which put forward no special claims of any kind to Mr. Laurier. He was given a free hand to choose whom he liked and no one objected notwithstanding that the fight was won by the people of the province of Quebec standing out like free men against the terrible bargain which Tupper had made with the bishops. It would be best never again to refer to that compact unless when speaking in terms of praise of the noble way in which the citizens of that province answered the mandement. They refused to transfer their votes to others, and instead exercised that franchise as free men. This is more than all the other provinces can say—especially in Manitoba. In Quebec Mr. Laurier has named only two French Catholics into his cabinet with portfolios. He is one himself and Mr. Larin is the other, but there is nothing of the ultra-montane about either. There are three Protestant ministers, Messrs. Fisher, Doherty and Sir Henri Joly. Mr. Joly has no portfolio. Sir Henri Joly, who has no portfolio, is a Catholic, never since Confederation was the province of Quebec so fully represented. The name is true of the Maritime Provinces and the whole Dominion, but it is most particularly apparent in Quebec. In Ontario there are Messrs. Cartwright and Patterson, a tower of strength in any administration. Mr. Mowat is a younger man in the political field, but he is able, wealthy and as vice-chancellor of the University of Toronto his portfolio fits to Toronto, which is also Mr. Mowat's home. Mr. Scott is a fitting representative of the Irish Catholics of Canada. As yet the western minister has not yet been selected, but the portfolio of the interior is likely to go to Mr. Greenway or Mr. Smith.

Representation in the platform of the Liberal party in the province of British Columbia, so far that province has not had any cabinet representation, although Lieut.-Col. Prior got a commandship. The circumstances are such that for the present it is impossible, as any one can see, to carry on this issue. But there is no fear that Mr. Laurier has forgotten the interests of this province and the noble way in which it responded to the call to turn the "most of traitors" out. Liberals are not like Tories, and they will therefore take good care to look after the government and see that this is not forgotten. Mention there are many things which can be done for the province in the way of neglected public works, but most of all in better government which will not only give to your province, but to all the Dominion, better, happier and prosperous times.

Insist on having just what you call for when you go to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier and nerve tonic.

—Oskell & Morris daisies and green preserves are a luxury. Try them.

THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

An Estimate of How the States May Go in November.

The free silver Democrats concede the Eastern States of Maine, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and Vermont to McKinley, as the issues now stand. These States have 117 votes in the Electoral College. The free silver and free trade platform has not even a fighting chance in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin. These States have 92 electoral votes.

If Boies had been nominated, his friends claim, the Democrats might have carried Iowa. But with the prohibition question out of the way, Iowa gave a Republican plurality of 79,596 in 1892, and a Republican plurality of 59,470 in 1895. In both years the Republicans had a majority over all others. Kansas was claimed by the Democrats and the Populists in 1895, but the Republicans carried the state by a plurality of 81,384, and had 73.34 per cent. of the whole vote. These two States have 25 electoral votes. Nebraska carried by Thurston against Bryan for Senator in 1894, has eight electoral votes. Here are 240 votes, more than a majority of the Electoral College, not counting Oregon, Washington, California, the Dakotas, Kentucky, Missouri and Nevada. The free silver Democrats claim also

SKIN DISEASE!

One Remedy Which Has Never Failed—Tried and Tested Ointment.

Because other alleged remedies for pimple, scurf, eczema, eruptions, warts, chafing, black heads, salt rheum and skin diseases generally have proved useless, don't condemn Dr. Chase's Ointment. It has never been known to fail. For instance, Nelson Simmons, Meyersburg, Ont., writes:

"I used Dr. Chase's Ointment for itching Piles, and can recommend it highly. Since using it I have had perfect freedom from the disease." Peter Vanallen, L'Amable, Que., had the eczema for three years. He tried three doctors, but received no benefit. One box of Dr. Chase's Ointment cured him completely. Large scales covered his legs and body, but the ointment soon removed them. He will swear to these facts.

Chase's Ointment may be had from any dealer or from the manufacturers, Edmondson, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard street, Toronto. Price 60 cents.

Mother's greatest remedy for cough, cold, bronchitis and lung affections. Dr. Chase's Syrup of Marshmallows and Tur-

tail. The result is that the general colonies remain without colonists.—London Spectator.

ONE HONEST MAN.

Dear Editor:—Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particularly of a genuine, honest, home cure by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility, sexual weakness, night losses and weak sunken parts. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but, thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. I promise you perfect secrecy, and as I do not wish to expose myself either, please address simply: P. O. Box 388, London, Ont.

—The old reliable Mason fruit jar at Weller Bros. You will save lots of fruit by using Mason jars: pint, quart and half-gallon sizes.

—Boys, get your lacrosse and running shoes from Gilmore & McCandless.

—Ladies, a fine line of All-Science and shoes at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

BALFOUR LOSING HIS GRIP.

It is easy enough to see why Mr. Balfour falls as a leader. Lord Palmerston, a man of pleasure if ever there was one, so far surpassed his habits as to dine in the middle of the afternoon, in order that he might be in his place from the meeting to the raising of the House. Mrs. Balfour sat opposite the box-like a statue, looking watchful and disapprovingly at the speaker. Mr. Balfour was not only always there himself, but he insisted upon his colleagues being there, too. Mr. Balfour is frequently absent, and naturally the other members of the government follow his example. The Treasury bench has been a dissolving view of anarchy and dissolution during the debate in the committee on the Education Bill. On Thursday week Sir John Gorst delivered a powerful argument against Sir Albert Holt's amendment to admit sixty-nine municipal boroughs as educational authorities. Mr. Balfour threw over Sir John Gorst and accepted the amendment. As a consequence of this fatal concession, Mr. Samuel Evans proposed on Monday to admit forty-nine district councils, and Sir John Gorst again delivered an important speech against the amendment. Mr. Balfour was not present to hear Sir John Gorst's speech, but he authorized by what he could from those around him to answer Sir William Harcourt. In doing so Mr. Balfour drew a distinction between district councils as the creations of yesterday and municipal boroughs as resting on a long historic record, though, as everybody knows, boroughs are incorporated by charter almost every day. Does Mr. Balfour, as a man of brains, seriously think that he can lead a modern House of Commons in this fashion? He may come to the conclusion that the game of leading a modern House of Commons is worth the candle, and he may decide upon re-

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles just due to a bilious state of the system, such as Flatulency, Nausea, Drowsiness, Dizziness after eating, Pain in the side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost useless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find their little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them, but after that time

ACHE

is the basis of so many ills that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents, five for \$1.—Sold everywhere, or sent by mail, CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WHITE STAR
BAKING POWDER
PURE & WHOLESOME

...ALL GOES...

"Merry as a
Marriage Bell"

IN HOMES WHERE
White Star
Baking Powder
IS USED.

For the "Blue Devils" of indigestion cannot resist the pure and wholesome baking which so uniformly results from the use of this matchless powder.

WHITE STAR
BAKING POWDER
HAD THE
LARGEST
DEMAND
IN CANADA

Public Notice

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of section 25 of the Municipal Classen Act, 1896, that the Municipal Council of the corporation of the city of Victoria has, by resolution passed at a meeting of the said council, held on the thirteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, declared that

- 1 one story frame building known as No. 3 Humbolt street;
- 2 one story sheds;
- 3 two story house and
- 4 two story frame building known as No. 1 Government street. All situate on lot 171, block 25; and 5 closets built on the street line in front of said lot 171; also
- 6 one and a half story stable facing on Broad street, situate on lot 161 A, and part lot 162 A, in block 2.

All of which being within the Municipal limits of the city of Victoria, are, in each case and respectively, a nuisance and dangerous to public health, and it was there by ordered that the same should be pulled down and removed by the respective owners, agents, lessees or occupiers thereof; and in case of default by any of the said owners, agents, lessees or occupiers within a period of five days after publication of this notice in the Daily Times, a daily newspaper published in such municipality, to comply with this order, it was thereby ordered that such pulling down and removal of the said buildings and structures should be done by the Sanitary Officer of the corporation of the city of Victoria, at the cost of the respective owners of such buildings and structures, and that the payment of such cost and all expenses incidental thereto should be enforced against the said owners by the said Sanitary Officer, in an action at law in any court of competent jurisdiction.

By order,
WILLIAM J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's Office, July 14, 1896.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Victoria Loan Office,
IN GOVERNMENT ST.

MONEY TO LOAN

On any approved security. Business strictly confidential.

Private entrance, Pandora street.
F. Landsberg, Prop.
P. O. Box 985



THIS IS HIS MOVING DAY.

hima, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, of the southern group, while the Republicans claim Kentucky, Maryland, Delaware, Tennessee, Missouri and West Virginia. The Democrats claim the naturally Republican States of Colorado, Montana, Idaho, Nevada and California on the silver issue, and the Dakotas on that and other issues. They hope to divide the Republican party in Washington and Oregon on the silver issue.

The southern group has 97 electoral votes; the border-state group, 59; the whole Pacific group, including Washington, Oregon and Utah, 35 votes. Conclude all these States to the free silver Democrats, and they will have only 191 electoral votes. Include the Dakotas and Nebraska and they have 206.

Throw Maryland and Delaware to the Republican on sound-money column and they have 195. Count Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee and West Virginia in the Republican column, and the free silver Democrats have 147 electoral votes and the Republicans have 206.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Liver Pills what relief they have given when taken for dyspepsia, flatulency, pain in the side, constipation and disordered stomach.

—We have received two hundred and thirty-five rolls of Japanese matting this season and can offer you the best value your money can buy. Weller Bros.

pentine. The medical taste is wholly disguised making it pleasant to take. Large bottle 25 cents.

COLONIES AND NO COLONISTS.

What the French colonies covet above all things are colonists. The need is for more men. But in colonizing as in other things, the factor of competition appears. Only a definite number of colonists leave Europe every year, and for them the colonies of the world are formally complete, offering this or that advantage to the intending settler. But one of the first things the colonist wants to know whether living will be fairly cheap in the place of which he is thinking. "Can I get the things I want to build my house and work my farm reasonably cheap, and will the comforts I shall want for myself and my family be procurable at moderate prices?" These are the sort of questions that occur to the "balance" colonist. But as regards the French colonies a close investigation can only prove one thing—namely that settlers in them are handicapped by high tariffs and the dear prices that follow. High tariffs. Hence the French colonies find it extremely difficult to attract colonists. Italians, Germans and Englishmen who are going to leave Europe all find the French colonies too dear, and even the few Frenchmen who voluntarily "exile themselves" would prefer places where they will not be harassed by the general

FALL OF METEORS.

Twenty millions of meteors, according to Dr. Murray, fall upon the earth every day, their aggregate weight amounting to something like two tons. In one hundred years we should get at least one pound, or at most twenty pounds, of cosmic dust distributed over each square mile of the earth's surface, and yet the organized search which has been made for cosmic dust in every portion of the globe has yielded meagre results. The best hunting ground has proved to be the bottom of the Pacific Ocean, where, one thousand miles from any land a red clay is brought up, which on examination is shown to consist of three kinds of particles. A magnet will pick out certain microscopic crystal fragments of titanic and magnetic iron, leaving behind a mixture of blackish and brownish spherules, the former of which contain copper, and are seemingly of volcanic origin, while the latter (called "chondres") are of radial eccentric structure, and are judged to be cosmic dust. The slopes of Ben Nevis (Scotland) also yield traces of this extraneous matter, which, considering the millions of years during which it has been steadily falling on the earth, is a strangely little in evidence.

—We are showing another line of rattan furniture, including many novel designs in tables, chairs, etc. Weller Bros.

section that his temperament and tastes are better fitted for the leadership of a department than for the leadership of a House. But if he aspires to lead the House, he must attend to his place, he must mix with, and consistently talk to, his supporters; and if he speaks, which as leader he need not do much, he must get on his facts.

These are plain words, which are written in no ill-will to Mr. Balfour. On the contrary, we like his personality, we respect his intellect, and we wish that he should continue to lead the Unionists. But in this world, and as it may seem, power passes from those who cannot mix to those who can seize and keep it. Mr. Chamberlain has more than once during the past week come to Mr. Balfour's rescue. It is a position position for them both. Mr. Chamberlain is perfectly loyal, but Mr. Balfour's weakness is Mr. Chamberlain's opportunity.—Saturday Review.

—Mrs. Rodie Noah, of this place, was taken in the night with cramping pains and the next day diarrhoea set in. She took half a bottle of blackberry cordial, but got no relief. She then sent to me to see if I had anything that would help her. I sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and the first dose relieved her. Another of our neighbors had been sick for about a week and had tried different remedies for diarrhoea, but kept getting worse. I sent him this same remedy. Only four doses of it were required to cure him. He says he owes his recovery to this wonderful remedy.—Mrs. Mary Hiley, Sidney, Mich. For sale by all druggists, Henderson Bros. & Langley, wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

JULY.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	S.
5	6	7	8	9	10
12	13	14	15	16	17
19	20	21	22	23	24
26	27	28	29	30	31

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER

Room 7, Board of Trade Building.



The Daily Times.

ALBERT'S MISFORTUNE.

Sad news comes from Albert. Fortunately it appears that no lives have been lost, but fire has swept away the fruits of months and months of hard work and the expenditure of money. Coming just at the time when the mine operators were ready to reap the reward of their heavy preliminary work, the misfortune seems especially cruel. It is useless to waste words in reflecting on the conduct of those who cause such fires. They are too brutally ignorant or too malevolent to be amenable to sermonizing; the penal cell or the cord would be necessary to enlighten them as to the extremity of their offence. It is rather strange that the provincial authorities should take so little notice of the dangerous work done by the bush fire bands. As already observed, they took no step to put into force the act passed last session until the fires had been raging for some days and had caused great damage. They are nearly as criminally careless as the actual authors of the fire.

THE MINING LAWS.

It is strange that, in this mining country, the commonest facts of mineral claim mining, and the law upon that subject, should be so variously regarded. The exposition of the law by the Chief Justice, in a recent case, has caused a good deal of questioning, and indeed, criticism, on the part of miners. It is roundly asserted that the law, as stated, is inapplicable to the business, and that, in some material respects, the mineral act of last session is no improvement upon that of 1891. In the public interest this is much to be regretted. We have great tracts of land absolutely worthless but for its mineral deposits, with which we can do nothing except, primarily, through the labor of the prospector. There does not seem to be any reason why the position of the mineral claim prospector should not be as simple as that of the agricultural prospector. The business of the former is more precarious, but he possible profit being greater, it may be reasonable to charge him, as we do, a higher price for his land. Having done this, would it not be wise to leave him alone to work out his own salvation, accompanied as his success must be with benefit to the province, and no loss to the province should be felt? Our inexact and not very intelligible laws, and the consequent deluding and refining, in the courts, as to matters perfectly plain to the miners, are harmful to a great industry which promises to be extremely valuable.

FIFTY YEARS AGO.

By way of celebrating its jubilee the Hamilton Spectator has issued a handsome anniversary number, which displays a high quality of color printing and illustrates the great progress made in all lines by the printer's art. Accompanying this is a facsimile reproduction of the first number of the Spectator, issued on July 15, 1846, and our contemporary very properly contrasts the latter with the former. The primitive sheet which first came forth from the Spectator press. It may be said that while our Hamilton friend has been entertaining and progressive in regard to the mechanism of its production, it started out as a strict Conservative and professional and has remained so to this day. At the time of its birth the report of the corn laws was brought

about in Great Britain, a fact which caused the Spectator of that day to say: "A considerable portion of the space in the little number was devoted to a document sent from Downing street in reply to an address from the legislative assembly of Canada, in which address a complaint was made that the proposed repeal of the corn laws would take away the protection theretofore accorded colonial grain in the British market." The reply is signed by W. E. Gladstone, who was colonial secretary at that time. Mr. Gladstone at once replied: "Her Majesty's government receive that the protection principle cannot with justice be described as the universal basis, either of the general connection between the United Kingdom and its colonies, or even of their commercial connection." The document concludes as follows:

"It would indeed be a source of pain to Her Majesty's government if they could share in the impression that a connection between this country and Canada derived its vitality from no other source than from the exchange of commercial preferences. If it were so it might appear to be a relation consisting in the exchange, not of benefits, but of burdens; if it were so it would at least, the idea that the connection had reached, or was about to reach, the beginning of its existence. But Her Majesty's government still augur for it a longer duration, upon a larger and firmer basis—upon protection conferred from the one side and allegiance freely and loyally returned from the other, upon common traditions of the past and hopes of the future, upon resemblances in origin, in laws and in manners; in what outwardly binds men and communities of men together, as well as in the close association of their material interests, which, as Her Majesty's government are convinced, are destined not to recede, but to advance, not to be severed, but to be more closely and beneficially combined under the quickening influences of increased commercial freedom."

This Gladstonian utterance of fifty years ago is exceedingly interesting in light of the recent discussions concerning the relations between the mother country and the colonies.

The Winnipeg Free Press tells of a Norwegian settler who left Bella Coola alleging as his reason that the provincial government has not carried out its undertakings in regard to a colonization road, etc., for the colony. We do not assume that this man's story is correct, but there can be no harm done by calling the government's attention to it.

Sir Joseph Rene Adolph Caron has already started out to smash the Laurier government. The Liberals will not feel much dismayed over his onslaught.

MOTION TO RESTRAIN

Question of the Right of the City to Proceed With the Pile Bridge to be Argued.

Solicitor for the Dominion Government Applies for an Injunction To-Day.

Acting on behalf of Her Majesty's attorney-general for Canada, Messrs. Bowdell & Irving have issued a writ against the corporation of the city of Victoria, endorsed as follows:

"The plaintiff's claim is for an injunction restraining the defendants their servants and agents from driving piles with a view to the erection of a bridge from the foot of Work street to Point Ellice in the city of Victoria below low water mark in the navigable waters of Victoria harbor, so as to interfere with navigation or proceeding with the erection of said bridge without authority in that behalf from the Governor-General-in-Council, or in anywise using the bed of the Arm in any way inconsistent with the free and convenient navigation of the said water."

Notice of motion for the injunction has been served returnable this afternoon.

The claim of the plaintiff is based on the provisions of sections 2 and 3 of chapter 52 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, which provide that no bridge, etc., shall be built in navigable waters unless authorized by the Governor-in-Council, who may order the removal of bridges built in contravention of this act. Then section 4 of the act reads thus: "The provisions of the two sections next preceding shall not affect any bridge constructed before the 17th day of May, 1882, which hereafter requires to be rebuilt or repaired, if such bridge when so rebuilt or repaired does not interfere to a greater extent with navigation than on the said day or thereafter."

NANAIMO NEWS.

Rush Fires Raging—Poor Outlook for Crops.

Nanaimo, July 22.—Adam Thompson, city clerk, and Miss Martha Benwick were married yesterday morning at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. John Benwick.

Wm. Scott returned yesterday from a prospective trip to Gravelly Creek. He brought back some good looking boys, which has been sent to Vancouver to be reared by Mr. Pelton Harvey.

The Free Press says: "The severe drought that is now in full force and effect in this city and vicinity means the practical ruin of the fruit crops if it is much longer continued, for the very apples are drying and withering on the trees, while standing oats, wheat, etc., are being fairly burnt up. Potatoes and other small vegetables are withering in the ground. Larger crops, such as turnips, mangolds, beets, etc., are at a standstill, but with a week or two more of this dry, hot weather they in turn will also be parched up. A copious shower of rain would be a veritable God-send, but if augurs, barometers



A Pleasant Surprise

is in store for the housewife who has never kept Johnston's Fluid Beef on hand ready for immediate use, for making Beef Tea, Gravies and Soups.

Johnston's Fluid Beef. Convenient. Economical.

15 oz. Bottle, \$1.00.

weather guidance and that ubiquitous individual, "the oldest inhabitant," can or should be taken as standard authority, then this dry heated term will be extended to the middle of August.

In the neighborhood of Wellington and Northfield the bush fires seem to have attained their greatest development, though, despite many exaggerated reports, the actual damage to property is not very extensive. At East Wellington last Saturday the pit-head of No. 2 shaft, the engine and boiler house were burned to the ground, and also eight uninhabited cabins in the neighborhood. Fortunately the machinery and boiler were recently removed to the Alexandra mine. At Northfield the fire was numerous on Saturday and of such a character to compel the immediate vigilance of the residents, who in the majority of cases, have removed their furniture in anticipation of the worst, and are fighting hard against the flames. The Hamilton Powder Works Co. have taken every precaution in view of the threatened danger, which, happily is now averted, though the fire approached nearer to the works than was at all pleasant on Saturday night. There is a heavy bush fire in the Wellington road north of Northfield, and another is starting up near the Quarter-Way House, but no great danger is apprehended from these sources. There is a bush fire burning between the Denatured Bay road and the E. & N. railway track, not far from A. R. Poy's farm, on the townsite. This particular fire was caused by sparks from the E. & N. engines, which require a heavy hose than usual in order to succeed in the work.

THE TRAM COMPANY'S BRIDGE.

To the Editor.—Before entering into such an extensive agreement as the city council are about to do with the tram company, would it not be only right to call the ratepayers together and take their voice in the matter, thereby placing the responsibility where it belongs? The city council have done well in not acceding to the demands of the tram company, and the fact of that company accepting the proposition of the city council is conclusive evidence that their claim was unfounded. Taking it for granted that the tramways of the North Pacific street do not pay and that the city should in this case assist to some extent, yet our attention must be called to the fact that Victoria is already contributing more to this service than any other city on the continent, and perhaps in existence. Every right has been granted without charge, and the company have not even to keep up the streets between their own rails, as all other cities require, and from 14 to 18 inches outside. This alone is a saving to the company of many thousands of dollars annually, and will increase as prices advance. Should the city offer the tram company to-day, \$100,000 to assume this responsibility there is scarcely a doubt that they would not accept it. Yet all other cities require it, and in the face of what the city has done and will ever continue to do for the tram service, why should we be called on to pay any portion of the cost of a bridge exclusively for the tram company's use and then have to pay the whole cost of a second bridge for vehicle and foot traffic. Would it not be better for the city to pay 50 per cent. of the cost of one good bridge to be used jointly by the tram and foot traffic, for the exclusive use and right to repair one structure, but if the citizens are to be called upon to pay 25 per cent. of the cost of the tram company's bridge the council should at least retain the right to foot passenger traffic, for the time is sure to come when the old pile bridge will be replaced by a steel structure or be done away with altogether, and even should the city not contribute towards the bridge, there should be provision made for foot traffic in the event of a stoppage of the cars, so that the passengers could continue their journey on foot, as they have frequently had to do in the past. Let the mayor and city council ask the ratepayers to come and reason together before making any such foolish bargain as past councils have done. The tramway is here, and this is a business proposition, the service is a

The strength of the who's in the Healthfulness of the Parts.



The great advantages are the thoroughness with which it accomplishes the work, its simplicity, and the ease with which it is used, but use not words, tell of its usefulness.

No. 1 Nozzle and Shield with Outlet Tubing, \$5.00 each. For use with any Bulb, Siphon, Fountain, Syringe or Combination.

No. 2 Nozzle, Shield Outlet Tubing, 2 qt. Fountain Bag and 2 extra pipes complete in itself, \$5.00 each. No. 3 Nozzle, Shield Outlet Tubing, 2 qt. Water Bottle with attachment for changing into a Fountain Syringe, complete in itself, \$5.50 each.

If your druggist has not got them in stock and will not procure them for you, we will mail you one or more, postage free, upon receipt of the price.

ALPHA RUBBER CO., P. O. Box 25, Montreal. Manufacturers of Fine Rubber Goods. A little pamphlet entitled "Sense" is sent free upon application. Send for it.

benefit to the citizens, and so are the citizens a benefit to the service.

The tram company are here to make money, as we all are, and if I cannot make my business pay, the tramway company will not help me, but whether I stand or fall, the shop will run along just the same.

W. J. LEDINGHAM.

You Can't Do Without Soap!

Why Not Get The Best?

Sunlight Soap.

HAS NO EQUAL...

For purity
For cleansing power
For taking out dirt
For dissolving grease
For saving clothes
For preserving hands

There are some of the reasons why...

"SUNLIGHT" Soap has the largest sale in the world, and has been awarded Gold Medals and other honors.

J. R. KING, Victoria, Agent for B. C.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

"Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, and Amending Acts."

Notice is hereby given that Francis Henry Ross and John Walter Ross, both residing at 33 Victoria Crescent, Victoria, and doing business in partnership as Ross and Sons, under the firm name of F. H. Ross & Co., of 102 Port Street, Victoria, by deed dated the 15th day of July, 1896, assigned all their real and personal property to Jacob Leiser, residing at said 33 Victoria Crescent, and doing business as a collector at 85 1/2 Government Street, Victoria, for the purpose of paying and satisfying in whole and proportionately, without preference or priority the debts of the creditors of the said Francis Henry Ross and John Walter Ross. The said deed was executed and the trusts accepted by the said Jacob Leiser, on the said 15th day of July, 1896.

Dated this 16th day of July, 1896.
JACOB LEISER,
Trustee and Assignee.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Lou Ton Poy, of the city of Victoria, in the province of British Columbia, carrying on business at the said city of Victoria under the name and style of Wo Hop & Co., has by deed dated the 5th day of July, 1896, assigned all his real and personal estate to Hong Fook, of the said city of Victoria, cigar manufactory, for the purpose of paying and satisfying in whole and proportionately their respective claims and debts, and without preference or priority, the credits of the said Lou Ton Poy. The said deed was executed by the said Lou Ton Poy, the assignor, and Hong Fook, the trustee and assignee, on the 5th day of July, 1896, and the said trustee and assignee has thereby undertaken and accepted the trusts created by the said deed. All persons having claims against the said assignor must forward or deliver full particulars of such claims, duly verified, addressed to the undersigned, No. 49 Piquet Street, Victoria, B. C., on or before the 9th day of August, 1896, and all persons indebted to the said assignor are requested to pay such indebtedness to the said trustee and assignee.

And notice is hereby given that after the said 9th day of August, 1896, the trustee and assignee will proceed to distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said trustee and assignee had notice, and that thereafter the trustee and assignee will not be liable for the assets and any part thereof so distributed to any person who so debt or claim they shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated this 9th day of July, 1896.
HONG FOOK,
Trustee and Assignee.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the matter of the Winding Up Act, and in the matter of the Winding Up Amending Act, 1890, and in the matter of the Burrard Inlet Red Cedar Lumber Company, Limited, Liability.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to directions of Hon. Mr. Justice Walker, that application will be made to the Judge in Chambers, on Saturday, the 25th day of July, 1896, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, for an order appointing Arthur Howard Burman, of Victoria, B. C., Accountant, liquidator of the above company.

Victoria, 12th July, 1896.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for Petitioners.

NOTICE.

Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada during its next session for an act to incorporate the British Pacific Railway Company, with power to construct a railway from Victoria, British Columbia, to Winnipeg, Manitoba, via Burr Inlet, Cariboo, Edmonton and Prince Albert, with a branch line to a convenient port on Hudson Bay, with power to purchase, lease, amalgamate or make running arrangements with existing lines or companies on the line of the proposed railway or connecting therewith.

Montreal, July 1st, 1896.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria, for a transfer to George Lester Jones of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Vancouver Hotel, situated on Yates street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated the 5th day of July, 1896.
F. J. DAWLEY.

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

...DURING THE...

CLEARANCE SALE.

Lansdowne House.

86 Yates Street.

John Partridge.

Read THE PROVINCE.

THE PROVINCE

"A Province I will give thee."—ANT. & CLBO.

OFFICES AT VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER, B.C.

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It has a larger circulation than any other weekly publication in Western Canada. If you would address the people of the Upper Country, Eastern Canada and Great Britain, advertise in "THE PROVINCE."

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The Province, Lt. Liability VICTORIA, B. C.

KILLERS

Tanglefoot Fly Paper, Poison Fly Paper, Insect Powder, Moth, Clothes, Wash, proof Paper at 100 Government Street.

HOWES, He Dispenses Prescriptions.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and other local news in a Condensed Form.

A social dance will be given in Strawberry Vale hall this evening.

A consignment of butter and fruit paper on sale, Johnston's, Douglas street.

Microbe Killer—Great family remedy. John Bros., agents, 250 Douglas street.

A line of Japanese matings at Weiler Bros., the finest assortment in the province.

See our Jam Jars, 65c, 75c and 90c per dozen; pints, quarts and half gallons. Speed Bros., Cor. Fort and Douglas.

Class-top jam jars, pints, 55 cents per dozen; quarts, 75 cents; and half gallons, 95 cents per dozen. At John Bros., 250 Douglas street.

George Hughes was this morning sentenced to six months with hard labor for vagrancy. The prosecutor in the Chinese assault case did not appear and the charge was withdrawn.

This ad. and \$30 in cash will be accepted by us in full payment for one of our (ladies or gentlemen's) high grade Eagle bicycles. Perry & McConnell Co., Broad and Trencher avenue.

An important meeting of the Christian Temperance League will be held in Temperance hall this evening. The league is composed of all the young people's societies and temperance workers of the city.

Arrangements have been made by the committee in charge of the Foresters' picnic, by which excursionists may remain over night at Wellington, providing they take their tickets to the station agent at Wellington and pay 50 cents extra.

The smoky and otherwise disagreeable weather of last evening succeeded in keeping many at home who were desirous of aiding the Jubilee Hospital, and at the same time enjoy the music by the Fifth Regiment band. Those who ventured to the hospital grounds were rewarded by a delightful hour's programme of music, which included selections from the most popular works.

The following is the programme for the Fifth Regiment band concert at Mount Baker hotel this evening: March, "Sunkissed"; Perkins' overture, "Morning, Noon and Night"; Supper, "March"; The Lover and the Mandarin; Musical selection from "Faust"; Gnomes; selection from "Macbeth"; Verdi; characteristic "kit"; "Indian March"; Aschille; waltzes, "Kroils Mat Klange"; Landpage; and potpourri of "Operatic Gems" arr. Moss.

Mrs. Margaret Morrison, of Dunsmuir, who about a year ago was arrested for smuggling opium from Victoria to the Sound by the steamer Schomberg, was on Monday sentenced to Seattle, her punishment being six months' imprisonment in the county jail and a fine of \$50. While on the Schomberg her movements attracted the suspicion of Inspector Miller, and he finally arrested her under arrest. At first she protested her innocence, but when a search disclosed the drug she had no defense to offer. The little daughter, who accompanied her, was also searched and a small quantity of opium was found in her pockets. After a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Brown, of Port Townsend, she was indicted by the federal grand jury, tried and found guilty. Since that time she has been sick and it was thought for a while that she would not live to receive her sentence. She was well enough, however, to appear in court for sentence.

Mrs. Alexander McBean, well known in Victoria, met with a very serious accident in Oakland on Thursday last, being thrown from her carriage and dashed against a stone wall. She was picked up unconscious and carried to her home. A physician found that she had sustained a fracture of the right shoulder blade besides internal injuries. Early in the afternoon Mrs. McBean invited her guest, Mrs. W. T. Marvin of San Francisco, to accompany her on a drive. The coachman hitched up a spirited horse and drove him to the side entrance of the home. Mrs. McBean has often driven the horse, she was the first to enter the carriage. Just as she was seated and before she was able to take up the reins the horse became frightened and ran down the driveway and across the street. In making a turn a wheel of the buggy struck a tree and Mrs. McBean was pitched from her seat against a stone wall which rises four feet in front of a lawn. At first it was thought that the result would be fatal, but later the physicians announced that the patient would recover.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair—DR.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Kodaks at Fleming Bros., Gov. at the Hotel. The Kodak camera cases have been sold out since August 1st. They will not be re-stocked until the fall. Kodak has decided the point as in the legality of the court.

J. E. Butler, who is associated with Mr. Assano in the establishment of a line of steamers between Japan and San Diego, left the Empress here yesterday afternoon. During the evening he interviewed several business men and left this morning for Vancouver.

At yesterday's meeting of the Diocesan synod Rev. J. B. Haslam was elected as clerk and Mr. E. Baynes Reed as lay secretary, after which the Bishop addressed the delegates. Reports of the different committees were read before adjournment. In the evening the delegates and friends were entertained at a conversation in A. O. F. W. hall. The business session was resumed this morning.

A two-story frame residence on Work street, owned and occupied by Mr. James Shaw, was damaged by fire last night. A match thrown down in the shed where coal oil was stored started the flames, which spread to the adjoining house, which was not occupied. The damage to the building will amount to \$400 and contents \$200. An alarm from box 53 took the brigade to the scene of the fire.

Commissioner Eva Booth will conduct a public meeting at the First Presbyterian church this evening. All arrangements for the reception of the commissioner were perfected at a meeting of the Salvation Army last evening, at which Eugene Chapple and Mrs. Washburn, Seattle; Ensign Coyan and Captain Ziebert, Vancouver, and Captain Moffat and Lieut. Miller, New Westminster, were present. The commissioner, accompanied by Ensign Miller, of Spokane, will arrive by the City of Kingston this evening and will be tendered a reception at the wharf.

A good idea of what can be grown on a Vancouver Island farm can be obtained from a little dish of fruit on view in Dixie H. Ross' window. There are several peaches, just as good as any imported from California, and a dozen large English asparagus. The latter are a rarity in this country, but Mr. T. Parker, on whose farm at Metichash they were grown, has made a decided success of the venture. There are also two boxes of honey, which looks very tempting. A few more such farms as Mr. Parker's on the island, and the importation of fruit from California would decrease.

A few evenings ago the cabin boy on board the Bolivia, anchored in Royal Roads, was saved from drowning by a faithful collie dog. The boy, becoming tired of sea life, waited until the crew had retired for the night, and then fastened a life preserver on himself, at tempted to swim to shore, a distance of one and a half miles. He succeeded in making about half a mile when he took a cramp. He cried lustily for help, and the collie dog on board the ship, hearing his cries, began to howl and bark. This brought the captain on deck, but seeing nothing, gave the dog a kick and ordered him down below. The faithful canine, however, ran to the other end of the ship, placed his forepaws on the railing and looking in the direction of the drowning boy, continued howling. The captain then heard the boy's cries. He ordered a boat to be lowered and rowed the boy was none the worse for his midnight adventure in the cold waters of the straits.

DAY'S SHIPPING NEWS

Barkentine Blakeley Will be Sold at Seattle to Pay the Crew's Wages.

A Bottled Message From the Miowera Carried 1000 Miles by Ocean Currents.

A diver on the lugger North Wales recently picked up between Thursday and Darnley Islands, in Torres Straits, a bottle which contained the following: "Canadian-Australian Steamship, Line, R. M. S. Miowera, Friday, 28th June, 1895, noon; lat. 11 deg. 8 min. S; long. 175 deg. 4 min. W. J. Stott, commanding. When found please forward to government astronomer, N.S.W." This letter has the house-flag of the Canadian-Australian Co. in the corner. It must have been swept by the currents well southwards, probably towards the New Zealand coast before it began a northward course, for the bottle could not go direct to where found, the islands to the south-east of New Guinea being in the way. The bottle was carried by the currents about 1,000 miles in the twelve months.

The Umatala sailed for San Francisco last evening with the following passengers on board: John Brooks, H. Kent, wife and children, Mrs. M. Prince, Mrs. W. J. Watson, Miss N. Prince, J. C. Richards, C. Trangle, J. Hilbert, W. H. Prince, F. O. Lawrence, J. Margmont, Miss J. Rowe, Miss Nelson, Miss L. Hilbert, E. Herd and wife, J. Roward and wife, Austin Goodman and wife, Wm. Goodman, Mrs. Wm. Chalmers, Miss E. Chalmers, Mrs. H. Burns and children, Miss Sanson, Mrs. F. W. Howay and Miss Harvey.

Judge Emery, of Seattle, has ordered that the brigantine Blakeley be sold to satisfy claims against her for wages due the crew. Since the arrival of the Blakeley from Cook's Inlet the men have made strenuous efforts to get their pay, but without success. The owners, F. S. Sohn and J. Barrow, Tacoma, at last offered to pay the men 50 cents on the dollar, but this the sailors refused, and made application to Judge Emery, with the above result. The sale will come off in about fourteen days.

The steamer Queen, Captain Carroll, left for Alaska last evening with an unusually large number of excursionists on board.

The water boat built on Tarp's ways has been launched and christened the Moorhen.

The Children

Look their best during the holidays. Have their photos taken by

SKENE LOWE.

SWEEP BY FIRE.

District Surrounding Alberni Receives an Awful Scorching Yesterday.

All the Buildings Belonging to Duke of York Mining Company Destroyed.

Mineral Hill and Surrounding Country One Immense Mass of Fire.

Women and Children Kept Under the Pipes and Plumes to Save Them From the Flames.

Alberni, B.C., July 21.—A mass of flames, the Alberni-landers are in danger, several camps have been burned out and the buildings of the Duke of York Mining Company, on China Creek, have been destroyed. There were many narrow escapes from death, the women and children had to be kept under the pipes of the hydraulic mines and dewatered with water to prevent them from being scorched.

There have been large bush fires in the vicinity for some time, but it was not until yesterday that they became really dangerous. They then began to spread in every direction, sweeping everything before them. The fire extended from three to five miles along the Nanaimo-Alberni road, destroying everything with which it came in contact. The telegraph poles were all burned, consequently there has been much difficulty in obtaining news.

The brief dispatch received, stating that the Duke of York Company lost their mines, blacksmith shop, sawmill, and about 75,000 feet of lumber. Help had to be rushed in the flames and piping to save it. The women, children and horses were placed under the pipes and were saved by the steady pour of water. The flames were so hot that the dispatch adds "that it gave everybody on the chain would have been burned." The company's sawmill was in danger last night, and a gang of men were at work taking the machinery to pieces so that it could be easily removed. The Cataract chain also received a scorching, the sawmill and dam being burned.

The stage which arrived at Alberni yesterday brought the first news of the fire. Several large bush fires commenced to blaze fiercely on Saturday. One fire broke out at Mineral Hill, and destroyed the roadmaker's tent, on the unfinished portion of the new road between De Beaux's and the hill, as well as a large quantity of timber. Two other fires have been burning on the highbridge road near Blodoe Creek, at the extreme west of Mineral Hill respectively. J. F. Blodoe had a narrow escape on Saturday. He was down the creek which bears his name, and believing that the fire had at last burnt its way out, he attempted to run the gamut of the smoke and ash. But hardly had he reached the centre of the hot bed, than flames started up all around him, compelling him to seek safety in the waters of the creek, where he swam up to his neck and with his hands above his head, for two long hours before he was able to resume his journey.

The crib work on portions of the Alberni road is also burnt out; but has been patched up sufficiently to allow the stage to pass. The latter, nevertheless, had to stop at frequent intervals, while all hands helped to clear away the trees, which in many places have fallen across the roadway.

Feed the Nerves. Upon pure, rich blood and you need not fear nervous prostration. Nerves are weak when they are improperly and insufficiently nourished. Pure blood is their proper food, and pure blood comes from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is the greatest and best nerve tonic. It also builds up the whole system.

HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic, easy to take, easy to operate.



JOHN TAYLOR & CO., Manufacturers.

BOARD OF TRADE.

The New Council Holds Its First Meeting—standing Committee Appointed.

Annual Report Finally Revised and Ordered Printed—Secretary's Salary.

The council of the board of trade met at ten o'clock this morning. Resident Ker occupied the chair, and there were present: Messrs. Fletcher, Pfeiffer, L. Grease, T. B. Hall, T. Earle, M. P., G. Leiser, Charles Hayward, E. Pearson and G. A. Kirk.

The council decided to add to the annual report by including extended references to fruit-growing, state quarries and the Omineca gold fields.

Tenders were received from the Province Publishing Company and the Colonist Publishing Company for printing the annual reports. The tender of the Province Publishing Company was accepted, being the lowest. It was also decided that 4000 copies of the report be printed, and it is expected that the city council will take another thousand. The illustrations will include the new and old parliament buildings, the sailing schooner in Victoria harbor, school at Bella Coola, cannery rivers, smelters in Kootenay and mines of Alberni.

F. J. Claxton's communication dealing with telegraphic communication to the north, which was read at the last meeting of the council, was heartily endorsed by the council and referred to Victoria's representatives in the Dominion house. The London chamber of commerce offered to co-operate with local boards of trade in securing a display of colonial products at the international exhibition to be held in Brussels next year. The communication was referred to the provincial board.

President Ker named the following standing committees for the current year:

Fisheries—M. T. Johnston, J. H. Todd, E. B. Marvin and A. H. Sciffe. Manufactures—T. B. Hall, Gus Leiser, J. L. Forrester, W. J. Peudriv, E. Pearson.

Harbors and navigation—R. P. Rithet, Captain John Irving, George L. Courtenay, Capt. J. G. Cox and J. E. Macne. Public works and railways—B. W. Pearce, A. C. Flumcroft, W. H. Ellis, Joseph Hunter, Simon Leiser and T. S. Fletcher.

Finance—George Gillespie, Geo. H. Burns and H. F. Heisterman. Mining and property—F. J. Claxton, G. A. Kirk and P. B. Pemberton. Agriculture and forestry—C. E. Renouf, G. L. Milne and Wm. Templeman. The council decided to grant Mr. Elworthy a bonus of \$300 for his extra and efficient services in preparing the annual report. It was also decided to increase his salary to \$800 a month. The council then adjourned.

Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Chase's Pills have gained popularity because they are a specific for the uric acid condition, prevent Bright's disease, cure rheumatism and all catarrhal conditions of the kidneys and bladder. They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties, exerting a wonderfully influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the kidneys or bladder. One pill a dose. 25 cents a box. The cheapest medicine in the world.

Parasites 20 per cent OFF! The remaining stock of our new and fashionable parasols will be offered to clear at the above great discount. Lansdowne House, Yates street, John Partridge.

ROYAL Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report

There is a "best" in everything.

BUY CYCLES but do it carefully. There are many good wheels—there are some better than others. There is one best.

THE STEARNS

The Yellow Fellow. Consult your interests by reading our catalogue; it tells many truths about bicycles. Its free.

AMERICAN RATTAN CO. TORONTO, ONT. GENUINE BICYCLE IMPORTERS.

IT'S DEAD EASY

To sell such suits as ours at \$7, \$8 and \$9. We bought them at the right price—that's why. They are made right of the right material—that's another why. You may get just as good suits at other stores but they will cost you more. If you want to see how much style and good honest wear \$7, \$8 or \$9 will buy, look at these suits. They come in navy serge, drab and grey tweed and fancy mixtures, and you can have your money back if you want it. See window display. If you don't see the suit you want there you will find it on the inside.

CAMERON, The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

Short and to the Point

Means brief and speaking in brief. Here's what you get by buying from Boots and Shoes from A. B. ERSKINE:

- 1—A RELIABLE ARTICLE
- 2—A SURE VALUE
- 3—A FINE QUALITY
- 4—A LATEST STYLE
- 5—A REAL BARGAIN
- 6—A PLEASANT WAY
- 7—A SATISFACTORY PURCHASE.

Bury your doubts and try at once.

A. B. ERSKINE, CORNER GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

Boys' Blue and Brown

Denim Suits.

At \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2 and \$2.25 to fit boys from 4 to 14 years old. Boys' Washing Suits and Houses. Boys' Ruffled Overalls, with bibs, 50c. per pair. Boys' Sweaters, 75c....

Men's Summer Underwear from 50c. per suit to \$6.00. We have a fine line of light weight, very fine cashmere, regular price \$6.00 which we are clearing out at \$4.00 a suit. Nothing like it in the city....

GILMORE & McCANDLESS, 33 AND 37 JOHNSON STREET.

VICTORIA LUMBER YARD

LUMBER.

The Victoria Lumber & Manufacturing Company, Ltd.

Have again opened their yard at Laurel Point, and are prepared to supply contractors and builders ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER in any quantity to suit the purchaser at an extremely low figure.

Call and GET PRICES before buying elsewhere. We are selling for CASH ONLY, but you will find the price is sufficient inducement to buy from us.

CALL AT OUR YARD, LAUREL POINT.

WIVES AND HOUSEKEEPERS WANTED

To know that the best and purest preserves made

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

Are those prepared by

OKELL & MORRIS.

We only make the best. Try them. New Season's Black Currant, Strawberry, Red Currant and Gooseberry Preserves now ready.

235 ROLLS

—OF—

Japanese Mattings

—AT—

WEILER BROS

—77—

The largest variety in the province.

The best value we have ever offered.

Samples sent to any part of the province.

The stock comprises all grades, and was carefully selected.

—77—

WRITE TO...

WEILER BROS., Victoria, B. C.

FOR SAMPLES.

Seagram's Whiskey

THE SOLE AGENTS ARE

R. F. RITHET & CO., Ltd., Wharf St.

All Ladies

Know that to make a cake good baking powder and the best flavoring extracts are necessary. GOLDEN WEST extracts and baking powder are absolutely pure. All good grocers keep them. They are the best.

SIDNEY HOTEL,

SAANICH, B. C.

Healthy; clean; comfortable; lovely beach; we must have good sitting and bathing; telephone connection with the city. Trains leave for Victoria 6:15 a.m.; return 4 p.m. Terms, \$5 per week. J. T. M. F. G. NORMAN, Proprietor.

DRESS AND FASHION.

PRESENT STYLES IN GOWNS, MATERIALS AND TRIMMINGS.

Popularity of Grass Lawn and Embroidered—Open Mesh Fabrics—Smaller Sleeves and Shorter Dress Skirts—Increased Use of Stem Jewelry—The Fad for Perfumes.

Never within the memory of woman has any material been more popular than is grass lawn this season. It forms bodices, skirts, sleeves, the covering for parasols and it even intrudes itself upon lingerie. The newest patterns in underclothes are of fine grass lawn, with extensive decorations of fine embroidered white lawn. Embroideries are numbered with attractive fashions, especially those in black net worked with gold tulle work interspersed with many colored flowers. This embroidery is used to make lapels on coats and to form vests, and to edge pelerines and flous. Other lovely embroideries are on white satin,



A LADY PARTY DRESS.

the flowers being of the smallest; the hues of the daintiest, these making charming waists. Then, again, there are embroideries on white and on black chiffon or lace, traced in a crescent design interspersed with little glittering lines of silver sequins.

Black and white costumes are now an old story and black and white gowns with a touch of color are a distinctive feature in dress. Black and white silks are very popular. Effective new china silks show a black stripe crossing a flowered ground. Open meshed fabrics are decidedly in the lead of all other wool materials this season, and they afford new and various opportunities for the display of color and finish. Linings, of course, are of importance in this sort of gown. Gowns for midsummer wear are of light fabrics with an infinite variety of trimming.

Every sort of device is being resorted to by the dressmakers in their efforts to reduce the size of dress sleeves without making this reduction too evident. All sorts of frills and puffs and epaulettes are set in at the top to disguise the fact that the sleeve is diminishing. Although some variety of epaulet or puff is worn on the sleeve proper to conciliate matters, the sleeve proper certainly now fits the arm from wrist to shoulder. The very latest tailor gowns are made with close fitting sleeves. The medium sleeve, however, will, despite the breadth of the small sleeve, remain in fashion throughout this season. Dress skirts are decidedly shorter, a most desirable fashion, and while some are trimmed many remain quite plain.

A gown seen and well suited to a garden party or other summer afternoon function was in pale gray cloth trimmed with embroidered muslin. Little buckles with rhinestone and employed in the enrichments of sleeves and girdle, gives evidence of the fashion now in vogue for jeweled effects in dress garniture.

This season is also distinguished for the unusual amount of jewelry worn, especially gem jewelry. Necklets and necklaces are exceedingly popular. Pearls are favorites and the younger women patronize pearl necklaces. A favorite style is the necklace composed of three strands of pearls, clasped at the back with a diamond set buckle. A decidedly noticeable necklace is one composed of three rows of pearls, caught together with diamond incrustated swallows, glittering, flashing birds on the wing. In their beaks they carry pear shaped pearls. A diamond cluster susp secures the necklace. Roman pearls, as the imitation pearls are called, when carefully selected and properly arranged, cannot be detected from the true pearls by any but experts, and are often worn by good dressers.

The air is scented with many new perfumes, each woman having her own special fancy in this direction. So general has the fashion become for perfuming gloves, faces, sunshades, and, in fact, every article of toilet, that, if spe-



SOVEL PEARL NECKLACE.

cial care is not taken in the choice of perfumes, in other words, if they are not those of the best makers, women run every risk of becoming most objectionable members of society. There is nothing more unpleasant than the cheap scents used so freely by the would be fashionable. The truly refined woman either uses good perfumes or does without them altogether.

ALICE VARNUM.

TARGETS FOR HEAVY GUNS.

Targets at the new range, Shesbury, are not so much marks as specimens of armor plates and other protections. Some of these are built up with a strength which to the uninitiated appears to be proof against any attack. Here, for instance, we find a steel plate of eighteen inches in thickness, and behind this six inches of iron, the whole backed up by huge blocks of timber. But, notwithstanding its depth, the enormous mass has been dented and cracked, and in places pierced. When we look at the plates which are not quite so thick we see that the shells have formed what are pretty and regular patterns, for small triangles of metal have been splintered off and turned back, so that the aperture is decorated with a circle of leaves, and resembles a rose with the circle cut out. Where the shell has entered the plate before it bursts, the pattern remains very perfect, but when it explodes as it touches the surface some of the encircling leaves are broken out, and the target is pointed out to which represents the iron casing of the vulnerable portions of a torpedo boat, consisting of engine room, boilers and coal bunkers. These compartments have been riddled again and again. Even a service rifle bullet can penetrate one side, and a shell of the smallest size will go through both for torpedo boats are not very heavily built. Chambers' Journal.



Those who have had their Boating or other Outing Suits lose all their stiffness and style because of the damp air or an unexpected wetting can thoroughly appreciate the value of Fibre Chamols. When the Rigby Waterproofed line is used in costumes, no amount of moisture will affect the graceful stiffness of their outlines. The Sleeves and Skirts can't possibly become limp no matter what usage they receive, because this Rigby process makes the Fibre Chamols non-absorbent without changing any of its other qualities and its stiffness outlasts everything. Be sure of getting the genuine goods by seeing the label on each yard, the many inferior imitations give worthless results.

No. 209.

A BY-LAW.

To Authorize the Sale of Lands Within the City of Victoria Upon Which Taxes Have Been Due and in Arrear for Two Years.

Whereas it is expedient that all lands or improvements or real property within the limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, upon which municipal taxes have been due and in arrear for two years, shall be sold, and the proceeds applied in the reduction of such taxes:

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. The Collector of the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is hereby authorized and directed whenever taxes on any land or improvements or real property have been due for two years preceding the current year, to submit to the Mayor of the City of Victoria a list (in duplicate) of all the lands or improvements or real property liable under the provisions of this by-law, to be sold for taxes, with the amount of arrears against each lot set opposite to the same, and the Mayor shall authenticate such list by affixing thereto the seal of the Corporation and his signature, and one of such lists shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Corporation, and the other shall be returned to the Collector with a warrant thereto annexed, under the hand of the Mayor and the seal of the Corporation, commanding him to levy upon the land or improvements or real property for the arrears due thereon with his costs.

2. It shall not be the duty of the Collector to make inquiry before effecting a sale of lands or improvements or real property for taxes, to ascertain whether or not there is any distress upon the land, nor shall he be bound to inquire into or form any opinion of the value of the land or improvements or real property.

3. The Collector shall prepare a copy of the list of lands or improvements or real property to be sold, and shall include therein, in a separate column, a statement of the proportion of costs chargeable on each lot for advertising and for the commissions authorized by this by-law to be paid to him, and shall cause a copy of such list to be printed for a period of one month preceding the date of such intended sale in some newspaper published in the City of Victoria.

4. The advertisement shall contain a notification that unless the arrears and costs are sooner paid he will proceed to sell the lands or improvements or real property for taxes, on a day, a time, and at a place named in the advertisement.

5. The Collector shall, at least two months before the time of sale, also deliver to or deposit in the postoffice to the address of the owner of such property which is to be sold for taxes as aforesaid, or to the agent of such owner, a notice in writing of the amount of taxes due, and that the property is to be sold for the arrears so due, and in case the address of the owner or agent is unknown, a notice to the

same effect shall be posted upon the land intended to be sold, and also, at least two months before the time of sale, post a notice similar to the above advertisement in some convenient and public places, that is to say, at the Council Chambers, Victoria, and in the Post Office Building, Victoria.

6. The day of sale shall be the thirty-third day after the first publication in a newspaper of such list, exclusive of the day of such publication, except in case the said thirty-third day shall fall on a Sunday or holiday, in which case such sale shall take place on the following day at the Council Chambers, in the City of Victoria, and shall begin at twelve o'clock noon.

7. If at any time appointed for the sale of the lands or improvements or real property no bidders appear, the Collector may adjourn the sale from time to time.

8. If the taxes have not been previously collected, or if no one appears to pay the same at the time and place appointed for the sale, the Collector shall sell at public auction so much of the land or improvements or real property as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and all lawful charges incurred in and about the sale, and the collection of the taxes, selling in preference such part as he may consider best for the owner to sell first, and in offering such lands or improvements or real property for sale it shall not be necessary to describe particularly the portions of the lot or section which shall be sold, but it will be sufficient to say that he will sell so much of the lot or section as shall be necessary to secure the payment of the taxes due, and the amount of taxes stated in the advertisement shall in all cases be prima facie evidence of the correct amount due.

9. If the Collector fails at such sale to sell such land or improvements or real property for the full amount of arrears of the taxes due, he shall at such sale adjourn the same until a day to be publicly named by him, not earlier than one week nor later than three months thereafter, of which adjournment notice shall be given by advertisement in the newspaper, in which the original notice was advertised, and on such day he shall sell such lands or improvements or real property for any sum he can realize: Provided that in event of the price offered for any lot or section at such adjourned sale being less than the amount of arrears of taxes due in respect of such lot or section, the Collector shall have power, if he thinks fit, to do, to purchase such lot or section in the name of and on behalf of the said Corporation.

10. If the purchaser of any property or parcel of land fails immediately to pay the Collector the amount of the purchase money, the Collector shall forthwith again put up the property for sale.

11. Immediately after every sale the Collector shall return a list of arrears satisfied by such sale to the Clerk of the Corporation, and shall at the same time pay in the proceeds to the Treasurer of the said Corporation.

12. The Collector shall be entitled to five per centum commission upon the sum collected by him as aforesaid.

13. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as "The Victoria Real Property Tax Sale By-law, 1896."

Passed the Municipal Council the 26th day of June, A.D. 1896.

Reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed the Council this 3rd day of July, A.D. 1896.

(L.S.) ROBERT HEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 3rd day of July, A.D. 1896, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have said by-law or any part thereof quashed, must make application for that purpose to the Supreme Court of British Columbia within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

No. 258.

A BY-LAW.

A By-Law Respecting the Qualification of Electors at Municipal Elections for the City of Victoria.

Whereas, by sub-section 4 of section 5 of the "Municipal Elections Act, 1896," it is enacted that the council of any municipality, by by-law, provide that electors otherwise qualified shall be entitled to vote, notwithstanding the non-payment of taxes, rates and assessments, due or payable by such electors to the municipality:

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Electors otherwise qualified to vote at any municipal election in the Municipality of Victoria shall be entitled to vote at such election notwithstanding the non-payment of taxes, rates and assessments due or payable by such electors to the Municipality.

Sec. 2. This by-law may be cited as the "Municipal Electors By-Law, 1896."

Passed the Municipal Council the 3rd day of July, A.D. 1896.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 6th day of July, A.D. 1896.

(L.S.) ROBERT HEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 6th day of July, A.D. 1896, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed, must make application for that purpose to the Supreme Court of British Columbia within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

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Don't forget, these Remedies have been

PUBLICLY TESTED

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DR. HANINGTON

Having returned from Europe, may be consulted at his office, corner of Kane and Blanchard streets. Hours 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 3 p.m. to 9 p.m.

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BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, between Johnson and Park Streets.



TRANSPORTATION

Still the Fastest.

BUFFET GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TO ALL POINTS EAST. ROCK BALLAST—NO DUST.

Connecting at Duluth with the magnificent passenger

Srs. Northwest and Northland.

For Seattle, St. Paul, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, and all points East. The trip of a lifetime.

The Shortest Route to Kootenay Points.

Overland leaves Seattle 10 p.m. Coast line 8:30 a.m. Overland arrives Seattle 10 a.m. Coast line 5:30 p.m.

For further information call on or address:

G. STEVENS, J. H. ROGERS, Agt. G.W.P.A., Seattle. To Government st.

No Trouble

To furnish information about Splendid Service offered via "The Northwestern Line" from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Milwaukee and Chicago it's a pleasure.

If you contemplate a trip East, please drop a line to T. W. Teasdale, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn., and receive illustrated folder, free, with detailed information about the three superb trains leaving St. Paul and Minneapolis every day in the week, together with any special information you may desire. Your home agent will sell you tickets via this first class line and reserve you sleeping car berths in advance, on application.

F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent, Seattle.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.

Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAYS.

Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.

Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Victoria at 9:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.

Leave Sidney at 10:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and From All European Points

FROM MONTREAL.

Allan Line Peruvian, Aug. 1
Allan Line Laurentian, Aug. 1
Dominion Line Vancouver, Aug. 1
Beaver Line Lake Superior, Aug. 1
Beaver Line Lake Winnipeg, Aug. 12

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line Lucania, Aug. 1
Cunard Line Australia, Aug. 4
American Line Paris, Aug. 5
American Line St. Louis, Aug. 5
Red Star Line Friesland, Aug. 5
White Star Line Germania, Aug. 12
White Star Line Teutonic, Aug. 12
Anchor Line Anselma, Aug. 15
Anchor Line Anselma, Aug. 15
Nor. German Lloyd, Aug. 15
Nor. German Lloyd, Aug. 15
Allan Line State California, Aug. 7

For rates, berths, tickets, and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent.

Cor. Port and Govt. Sts., Victoria, General S.S. Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Is the only direct line to the

Cariboo

Kootenay

Gold Fields.

Passengers should leave Victoria for Kootenay points on Friday, Sunday and Tuesday nights, making direct connections for

Nakusp, Three Forks, Sandon, Nelson, Trail Creek, Robson, Kaslo

AND ALL KOOTENAY POINTS.

For Rates, Maps, etc., apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent.

Cor. Port and Government Sts., Victoria.

GEO. M. L. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.

(LIMITED)

TIME TABLE NO. 27.

Taking effect June 21st, 1896.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 7 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock, Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going west Monday.

For Vancouver leave Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Vancouver leave Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

NORTHWEST ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock, when sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCELONA SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLTON, General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 28.

To Take Effect at 8:00 a.m. on Saturday March 21st, 1896.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

Daily

By Victoria for Nanaimo and

Wellington, 8:00 a.m.

By Nanaimo for Victoria, 8:00 a.m.

By Victoria for Nanaimo, 8:00 a.m.

By Nanaimo for Victoria, 8:00 a.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Daily

By Wellington for Victoria, 8:00 a.m.

By Nanaimo for Victoria, 8:00 a.m.

By Victoria for Nanaimo, 8:00 a.m.

By Nanaimo for Victoria, 8:00 a.m.

For rates and information apply at the Company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.

J. H. PHIBBS, Gen. Supt.

Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN.

L. P. LOCKER, Master.

Sails as follows calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

By Victoria for Nanaimo, Wednesday, 7 a.m.

By Nanaimo for Victoria, Friday, 7 a.m.

By Victoria for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.

By Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO'Y

Steamers leave Outer Wharf, Victoria, B.C., at 6 o'clock p.m. (Carrying Her Majesty's Mail) for San Francisco, direct.

WALLA WALLA, July, Aug.

UNAVILLA, 1, 10, 21, 15, 20

CITY OF PEORIA, 11, 20, 10, 25

FOR ALASKA.

July, Aug.

CITY OF TOPEKA, 1, 10, 21, 15, 20

QUEEN, 8, 21, 15, 20

S. P. RUTHERFORD & CO., Agents, Victoria, B.C.

GOULD, FRANKLIN & CO., General Agents San Francisco

TRANSPORTATION.

Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line.

FOR

HONOLULU, CHINA and JAPAN.

MOUNT LEBANON, 3,000 tons, due 24th July.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO'Y,

Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents,

IMPORTERS OF

Japanese Rice, Silk and General Merchandise.

Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

HONOLULU, O. R. S. S. CO.

Only Seven Days

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Filson St., San Francisco, for HONOLULU, O. R. S. S. CO. ONLY.

S.S. AUSTRALIA, 3,500 tons, Tuesday, Aug. 4, 1896, at 10 a.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change.

The splendid, new 3,000 tons steel screw steamer, Manurewa, will leave the Company

